Student Name: Date:

**Vocabulary Assessment**

**Total Questions: 50**
**Structure**: 5 Groups × 10 Questions
**Instructions**: Choose the correct answer (A, B, C, or D).

**Group 1: Everyday Vocabulary (ESL3–4)**

**1.** What is the meaning of the word “hungry”?
A) tired
B) full
C) needing food
D) angry

**2.** Choose the synonym of “happy”:
A) sad
B) excited
C) angry
D) glad

**3.** Which is the opposite of “hot”?
A) spicy
B) boiling
C) cold
D) warm

**4.** What does “quickly” mean in this sentence? “She ran quickly.”
A) slowly
B) fast
C) loudly
D) carefully

**5.** Choose the correct use of “clean”:
A) The room is clean.
B) The clean is happy.
C) I clean a fast.
D) Clean is walk.

**6.** Which word means the same as “small”?
A) little
B) huge
C) short
D) slow

**7.** What is the opposite of “early”?
A) soon
B) late
C) quiet
D) bright

**8.** In the sentence, “He lives in a big house,” what does “big” mean?
A) noisy
B) large
C) far
D) short

**9.** Choose the synonym for “pretty”:
A) ugly
B) cute
C) smart
D) noisy

**10.** What does “cold” mean?
A) soft
B) loud
C) not hot
D) very warm

**Group 2: Academic Vocabulary (ESL5–6)**

**11.** What is the meaning of “compare”?
A) to separate
B) to describe
C) to find similarities
D) to hide differences

**12.** Choose the synonym of “important”:
A) tiny
B) special
C) noisy
D) empty

**13.** What does “accurate” mean?
A) close
B) careful
C) correct
D) random

**14.** What is the opposite of “increase”?
A) subtract
B) add
C) grow
D) decrease

**15.** What does “analyze” mean?
A) to fix
B) to look at closely
C) to forget
D) to clean

**16.** Which word means the same as “result”?
A) cause
B) consequence
C) reason
D) idea

**17.** In “She provided evidence,” what does “evidence” mean?
A) answer
B) clue
C) proof
D) story

**18.** Choose the antonym of “frequent”:
A) rare
B) often
C) usual
D) regular

**19.** What does “specific” mean?
A) random
B) general
C) detailed
D) unclear

**20.** “Theory” most nearly means:
A) a proven fact
B) an idea or explanation
C) a law
D) a machine

**Group 3: Social & Emotional Vocabulary (ESL5–7)**

**21.** Choose the best definition of “respect”:
A) to fear someone
B) to listen quietly
C) to admire and treat kindly
D) to obey rules

**22.** Which word is a synonym of “brave”?
A) scared
B) cautious
C) courageous
D) careless

**23.** What does “lonely” mean?
A) alone and sad
B) happy and loud
C) excited
D) quiet but not sad

**24.** Choose the opposite of “polite”:
A) nice
B) rude
C) shy
D) kind

**25.** What is a synonym for “honest”?
A) truthful
B) rich
C) secret
D) wise

**26.** What does “jealous” mean in this sentence?
“She was jealous of her friend’s success.”
A) happy
B) proud
C) envious
D) supportive

**27.** Which word is opposite in meaning to “kind”?
A) caring
B) cruel
C) helpful
D) fair

**28.** What does “confident” mean?
A) nervous
B) unsure
C) sure of oneself
D) shy

**29.** Choose the synonym of “embarrassed”:
A) proud
B) shy
C) confused
D) ashamed

**30.** What does “generous” mean?
A) gives easily
B) takes often
C) saves money
D) buys a lot

**Group 4: Workplace Vocabulary (ESL6–8)**

**31.** What does “deadline” mean?
A) start date
B) due date
C) suggestion
D) conversation

**32.** Which word is a synonym for “efficient”?
A) lazy
B) productive
C) late
D) careless

**33.** What is the opposite of “promotion”?
A) raise
B) bonus
C) demotion
D) training

**34.** “To negotiate” means to:
A) refuse
B) argue
C) discuss to reach an agreement
D) delay

**35.** “A resume” is:
A) a work tool
B) a job description
C) a list of your experience and skills
D) a project

**36.** Choose the antonym of “responsible”:
A) reliable
B) lazy
C) careless
D) dependable

**37.** What does “collaborate” mean?
A) to work together
B) to quit
C) to disagree
D) to argue

**38.** “Flexible” in the workplace often means:
A) creative
B) strong
C) able to adapt
D) always late

**39.** Which word is similar to “task”?
A) break
B) job
C) problem
D) chat

**40.** What does “qualifications” mean?
A) personal goals
B) interview answers
C) skills or training needed
D) job location

**Group 5: Advanced Contextual Vocabulary (ESL7–8)**

**41.** In “The solution was effective,” what does “effective” mean?
A) boring
B) successful
C) delayed
D) harmful

**42.** What is the synonym of “complicated”?
A) easy
B) basic
C) complex
D) small

**43.** Choose the opposite of “beneficial”:
A) helpful
B) useless
C) risky
D) harmful

**44.** What does “emphasize” mean?
A) ignore
B) highlight
C) write
D) speak

**45.** Which best defines “contrast”?
A) show differences
B) make something new
C) write a story
D) change a subject

**46.** What is a synonym of “interpret”?
A) copy
B) remember
C) explain
D) argue

**47.** “Ambiguous” means:
A) very clear
B) confusing or unclear
C) funny
D) factual

**48.** In “The author’s tone was sarcastic,” what does “sarcastic” mean?
A) friendly
B) serious
C) mocking or ironic
D) gentle

**49.** Which is an antonym of “expand”?
A) increase
B) grow
C) reduce
D) build

**50.** “Conclude” most nearly means:
A) begin
B) continue
C) end or finish
D) guess

**Answer Key (Teacher Use Only)**

1. C
2. D
3. C
4. B
5. A
6. A
7. B
8. B
9. B
10. C
11. C
12. B
13. C
14. D
15. B
16. B
17. C
18. A
19. C
20. B
21. C
22. C
23. A
24. B
25. A
26. C
27. B
28. C
29. D
30. A
31. B
32. B
33. C
34. C
35. C
36. C
37. A
38. C
39. B
40. C
41. B
42. C
43. D
44. B
45. A
46. C
47. B
48. C
49. C
50. C